AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS:

1. (Currently Amended) A method of fabricating an electronic device formed on a semiconductor wafer, comprising the steps of:

forming a layer of a first material in a fixed position relative to the wafer, wherein the first material has a dielectric constant less than 3.6;

forming a photoresist layer in a fixed position relative to the layer of the first material;

forming at least one void through the layer of the first material in response to the photoresist layer, thereby forming a polymeric residue in response to the photoresist layer;

subjecting the semiconductor wafer to a plasma which incorporates a gas which includes hydrogen so as to remove the photoresist layer; and

removing the polymeric residue, the step of removing the polymeric residue comprises subjecting the semiconductor wafer to a wet etch chemistry and also subjecting the semiconductor wafer to a dry plasma that includes a mixture of hydrogen, oxygen, and fluorine.

- 2. (Cancelled)
- 3. (Cancelled)
- 4. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 1 3 and further comprising the step of subjecting the semiconductor wafer to an annealing step to remove any excess fluid from action of the wet etch chemistry on the semiconductor wafer.
- 5. (Original) The method of claim 4 wherein the annealing step comprises subjecting the semiconductor wafer to a plasma which incorporates a mixture of hydrogen and nitrogen.

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- 6. (Original) The method of claim 5 wherein the mixture includes no more than 40% nitrogen.
- 7. (Previously Amended) The method of claim 1 wherein the step of removing the polymeric residue comprises subjecting the semiconductor wafer to a combination of dilute hydrofluoric acid and an organic acid.
- 8. (Original) The method of claim 7 wherein the organic acid comprises dilute citric acid.
- 9. (Original) The method of claim 8 wherein the dilute citric acid is diluted with deionized water at a ratio between 1:50 to 1:250.
- 10. (Original) The method of claim 7 wherein the organic acid comprises dilute acetic acid.
- 11. (Original) The method of claim 8 wherein the dilute acetic acid is diluted with deionized water at a ratio on the order of 1:200.
- 12. (Original) The method of claim 7 wherein the organic acid comprises oxalic acid.
- 13. (Original) The method of claim 7 wherein the dilute hydrofluoric acid is diluted with deionized water at a ratio between 1:500 to 1:1,000.
 - 14. (Cancelled)

15. (Cancelled)

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16. (Previously Amended) The method of claim 1:

wherein the hydrogen in the mixture is provided from a hydrogen source selected from a group consisting of H₂, NH₃, N₂H₂, H₂S, and CH₄; and

wherein the fluorine in the mixture is provided from a fluorine source selected from a group consisting of CF₄, C₂F₆, CHF₃, CH₂F₂, SF₆, CH₃F, and NF₃.

- 17. (Previously Amended) The method of claim 1 wherein the mixture further comprises an inert gas.
- 18. (Original) The method of claim 17 wherein the inert gas is selected from a group consisting of nitrogen, argon, xenon, helium, and neon.
- 19. (Previously Amended) The method of claim 1 wherein the step of removing the polymeric residue comprises subjecting the semiconductor wafer to a mixture of at least 50% hydrogen, and approximately 2-20% oxygen and approximately 2-6% fluorine.
- 20. (Previously Amended) The method of claim 1 wherein the step of removing the polymeric residue comprises subjecting the semiconductor wafer to a mixture of approximately 80% NH₃, approximately 10-15% N₂, approximately 2-7% O_2 , and approximately 2-6% CF_4 .
- 21. (Original) The method of claim 1 wherein the hydrogen is provided from a hydrogen source selected from a group consisting of H₂, NH₃, N₂H₂, H₂S, and CH₄.

- 22. (Original) The method of claim 1: wherein the gas comprises a mixture of gases; and wherein the mixture includes at least 50% hydrogen.
- 23. (Original) The method of claim 22 wherein the mixture of gases further includes a diluent.
- 24. (Original) The method of claim 23 wherein the diluent is selected from a group consisting of nitrogen, argon, helium, neon, and xenon.
 - 25. (Original) The method of claim 23: wherein the diluent comprises nitrogen; and wherein the mixture comprises 20% or less of the nitrogen.
 - 26. (Original) The method of claim 1: wherein the gas comprises a mixture of gases; and wherein the mixture includes approximately 80% NH₃ and 20% N₂.
- 27. (Original) The method of claim 1 wherein the first material comprises a carbon-containing oxide.
- 28. (Original) The method of claim 1 wherein the first material comprises fluorinated silicon glass.
- 29. (Original) The method of claim 1 wherein the first material has a dielectric constant less than 2.8.

30. (Original) A method of fabricating an electronic device formed on a semiconductor wafer, comprising the steps of:

forming a layer of a first material in a fixed position relative to the wafer, wherein the first material is reactive with oxygen plasma;

forming a photoresist layer in a fixed position relative to the layer of the first material;

forming at least one void through the layer of the first material in response to the photoresist layer, wherein the step of forming at least one void further forms a polymeric residue in response to the photoresist layer;

subjecting the semiconductor wafer to a plasma which incorporates a gas which includes hydrogen so as to remove the photoresist layer; and

removing the polymeric residue by subjecting the semiconductor wafer to a wet etch chemistry.

- 31. (Original) The method of claim 30 wherein the step of removing the polymeric residue comprises subjecting the semiconductor wafer to a combination of dilute hydrofluoric acid and an organic acid.
- 32. (Original) The method of claim 31 wherein the organic acid comprises dilute citric acid.
- 33. (Original) The method of claim 31 wherein the organic acid comprises dilute acetic acid.
- 34. (Original) The method of claim 31 wherein the organic acid comprises dilute oxalic acid.

- 35. (Original) The method of claim 30 wherein the hydrogen is provided from a hydrogen source selected from a group consisting of H_2 , NH_3 , N_2H_2 , H_2S , and CH_4 .
 - 36. (Original) The method of claim 30: wherein the gas comprises a mixture of gases; and wherein the mixture includes at least 50% hydrogen.
- 37. (Original) The method of claim 36 wherein the mixture of gases further includes a diluent.
- 38. (Original) The method of claim 37 wherein the diluent is selected from a group consisting of nitrogen, argon, helium, neon, and xenon.



- 39. (Original) The method of claim 37: wherein the diluent comprises nitrogen; and wherein the mixture comprises 20% or less of the nitrogen.
- 40. (Cancelled)
- 41. (Cancelled)
- 42. (Cancelled)
- 43. (Cancelled)
- 44. (Cancelled)
- 45. (Cancelled)



47. (Cancelled)

48. (Cancelled)

49. (Cancelled)

50. (Cancelled)

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